## 13 - 09 - 2023

News: Retail inflation eases; food prices still bite

India's retail inflation eased slightly to 6.83% in August, from the 15-month high of 7.44% in July, but the rise in food prices remained elevated at around 10% and rural consumers continued to face over 7% inflation.

## Wholesale Price Index (WPI)

- Wholesale price Index (WPI) calculates the average change in prices of commodities at the Wholesale level.
- WPI is released by Office of Economic Advisor to the Ministry of Commerce and Industry under Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion.
- > It considers goods only and no services are considered.
- The taxes are also not included in the WPI in order to remove the impact of fiscal policy.
- The index basket of the WPI covers commodities falling under the three major groups namely Primary Articles, Fuel and Power and Manufactured products.
- WPI measures the price paid by Manufacturers and Wholesalers and calculate the inflation at the 1<sup>st</sup> stage of transaction.
- ▶ Base Year of calculation of WPI is 2011-12.

- While the direction of the Consumer Price Index is often in sync with the direction of WPI, there may be a divergence as well.
- The reasons for the divergence between the two indices can also be partly attributed to the difference in the weight of the food group in the two baskets.

## **Consumer Price Index (CPI)**

- Consumer Price Index indicates the average change in prices of commodities at the retail level.
- It is released by Central Statistics Office at 5:30 pm of 12<sup>th</sup> of every month. If 12<sup>th</sup> of a particular month is holiday, CPI is released on the next working day.
- > CPI considers both Goods and Services.
- It measures the prices paid by consumers and calculates inflation at the last stage of transaction.
- ➢ Base year of calculation of CPI is 2012.
- > CPI is used as the measure of inflation by RBI.
- > CPI basket comprises 448 items in rural and 460 items in urban.
- In India, there are four consumer price index numbers, which are calculated, and these are: CPI for Industrial Workers (IW), CPI for Agricultural Labourers (AL) CPI for Rural Labourers (RL) and CPI for Urban Non-Manual Employees (UNME).

- While the Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation collects CPI (UNME) data and compiles it, the remaining three are collected by the Labour Bureau in the Ministry of Labour.
- While the direction of the Consumer Price Index is often in sync with the direction of WPI, there may be a divergence as well.
- ➤ The reasons for the divergence between the two indices can also be partly attributed to the difference in the weight of the food group in the two baskets.