



21002033

QP CODE: 21002033

Reg No :

Name :

M Sc DEGREE (CSS) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

First Semester

CORE - ME010101 - ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

M Sc MATHEMATICS, M Sc MATHEMATICS (SF)

2019 ADMISSION ONWARDS

22D13FAD

Time: 3 Hours

Weightage: 30

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **eight** questions.

Weight 1 each.

1. Check whether the group $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$ is cyclic.
2. Is every group a G -set? Justify your answer.
3. Let G be an abelian group. Show that the elements of finite order in G form a subgroup.
4. Find the kernel of the homomorphism $\phi: \mathbb{Z}_{18} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{12}$, where $\phi(1) = 10$.
5. Define (a) p-subgroup and (b) Sylow p-subgroup of a group G with examples.
6. Prove that every group of prime-power order is solvable.
7. Compute the evaluation homomorphism $\phi_2(x^2 + 3)$, $F = E = \mathbb{C}$
8. Check $25x^5 - 9x^4 - 3x^2 - 12$ is irreducible over \mathbb{Q}
9. Define ideal of a ring. Give an example.
10. Find atleast one $c \in \mathbb{Z}_5$ such that $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]/(x^2 + cx + 1)$ is a field.

(8×1=8 weightage)

Part B (Short Essay/Problems)

Answer any **six** questions.

Weight 2 each.

11. Are the groups $\mathbb{Z}_8 \times \mathbb{Z}_{10} \times \mathbb{Z}_{24}$ and $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_{12} \times \mathbb{Z}_{40}$ isomorphic? Why or why not?
12. Show that the set of all $g \in G$ such that $i_g: G \rightarrow G$ is the identity inner automorphism i_g is a normal subgroup of a group G .
13. Let G be a group of order p^n and let X be a finite G-set. Prove that $|X| \equiv |X_G| \pmod{p}$.





14. If p and q are distinct primes with $p < q$, then prove that every group G of order pq is not simple. Furthermore, if q is not congruent to 1 modulo p , then prove that G is abelian.
15. Prove that the set G_n of non zero elements of \mathbb{Z}_n that are not zero divisors forms a group under multiplication modulo n .
16. Let F be the desired field of quotients of an integral domain D . For $[(a,b)]$ and $[(c,d)]$ in F the addition is defined as $[(a,b)] + [(c,d)] = [(ad+bc,bd)]$. Show that addition is commutative and associative.
17. Show that if R, R' and R'' are rings and if $\phi : R \rightarrow R'$ and $\psi : R' \rightarrow R''$ are homomorphisms, then the composite function $\psi \circ \phi : R \rightarrow R''$ is a homomorphism.
18. Explain prime ideal and maximal ideal of a ring and give examples.

(6×2=12 weightage)

Part C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

Weight 5 each.

19. (a) Let X be a G -set. Prove that $\{g \in G / gx = x\}$ is a subgroup of G for each $x \in X$.
 (b) Let X be a G -set and let $x \in X$. Prove that $|Gx| = (G : G_x)$. Also prove that if $|G|$ is finite, then $|Gx|$ is a divisor of $|G|$.
20. (a) State and prove third Sylow theorem.
 (b) Prove that no group of order 42 is simple.
21. (a) Explain the division algorithm in $F[x]$.
 (b) If G is a finite subgroup of the multiplicative group of a field F , then prove that G is cyclic.
22. If G is any group and R is a commutative ring with nonzero unity, then show that group ring $(RG, +, \cdot)$ is a ring.

(2×5=10 weightage)

