QP CODE: 21000686

M Sc DEGREE (CSS) EXAMINATION, JULY 2021

Fourth Semester

Faculty of Science

CORE - ME010401 - SPECTRAL THEORY

M Sc MATHEMATICS, M Sc MATHEMATICS (SF)

2019 Admission Onwards

45B61C5D

Time: 3 Hours

Weightage: 30

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions.

Weight 1 each.

- 1. When we can say that a subset of a metric space is rare, meager and nonmeager. State Baire's Category Theorem.
- 2. Define uniform, strong and weak operator convergence of a sequence of operators in (B(X,Y)) where (X) and (Y) are normed spaces.
- 3. Define fixed point of a mapping defined on a set. Give an example of a mapping with two fixed points.
- 4. Define similar matrices. Prove that similar matrices have the same eigenvalues.
- 5. Define a domain and a holomorphic function in a complex plane (C).
- (yx=e) and (xz=e) then show that (x) is invertible and $(y=z=x^{-1})$.
- 7. Prove that the null space of $({T {\lambda}})$ is finite dimensional for every $(\lambda = 0)$, where (T) is a compact linear operator on a normed space (X).
- 8. Prove that every nonzero spectral value of a compact linear operator on a Banach space is an Eigen value.
- 9. Let \(T:H\to H\) be a bounded self-adjoint linear operator on a complex Hilbert space \(H\). Prove that the residual spectrum \ $(sigma_r(T))$ is empty.
- 10. Define positive operators on a Hilbert space. Prove that the sum of two positive operators is positive.

(8×1=8 weightage)



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Part B (Short Essay/Problems) Answer any six questions. Weight 2 each.

- 11. Let (Y) be a proper closed subspace of a normed space (X). Let $(x_0 \in X-Y)$ be arbitrary and $((delta = \inf) x_0 \in Y)$. } $Vert \in y - x_0 \vee Vert)$, the distance from (x_0) to (Y). Prove that there exists an $((tilde f \in X')$ such that $((Vert \setminus tilde f \vee Vert = 1))$, ((tilde f(y) = 0)) for all $(y \in Y)$ and $((tilde f(x_0) = (delta))$.
- 12. State and prove Closed Graph Theorem.
- 13. Prove that the spectrum \(\sigma(T)\) of a bounded linear operator \(T\) on a complex Banach space \(X\) is compact and lies in the disc given by \((\lambda|\leq||T||\))
- 14. Show that $((rho(T), sigma_r(T)) and ((sigma_r(T))) are mutually disjoint and their union is the complex plane.$
- 15. Define compact linear operator on a normed space. Prove that every compact linear operator \(T:X \to Y\), where \(X\) and \(Y\) are normed spaces is continuous.
- 16. Prove that the range of a compact linear operator $(T:X \log Y)$ where (X) and (Y) are normed spaces, is separable.
- 17. Let (T:H(to H)) be a bounded linear operator on a complex Hilbert space (H). Then prove that a number ((lambda)) belongs to the resolvent set ((rho(T))) of (T) if and only if there exists a (c>0) such that for every $(x \in V)$, $((T_{abdd}) (T_{bdd}))$.
- 18. Define orthogonal projection on a Hilbert space. State and prove any four properties of an orthogonal projection.

(6×2=12 weightage)

Part C (Essay Type Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

Weight 5 each.

- 19. Let \(T\) be a bounded linear operator from a Banach space \(X\) onto a Banach space \(Y\). Prove that the image of the open unit ball \(B 0=B(0,1)\subset X\) contains an open ball about \(O\in Y\).
- 20. Let (X) be a complex Banach space, $(T \in B(X,X))$ and $(p(\lambda = \alpha_{n-1} \leq n-1) = (n-1) \leq n-1 < n-1 \leq n-1 \leq n-1 \leq n-1 < n-$
- 21. Let (A) be a complex Banach algebra with identity (e). Then show that $(sigma(x) \ln phi)$.
- - 1. Prove that the difference $(P=P_2-P_1)$ is a projection if and only if (Y_1) subset Y_2
 - $\label{eq:linear} \textbf{2. If } (P=P_2-P_1 \) is a projection, prove that \\ (P \) projects \\ (H \) onto \\ (Y=Y_2 \ P_1 \).$

(2×5=10 weightage)

